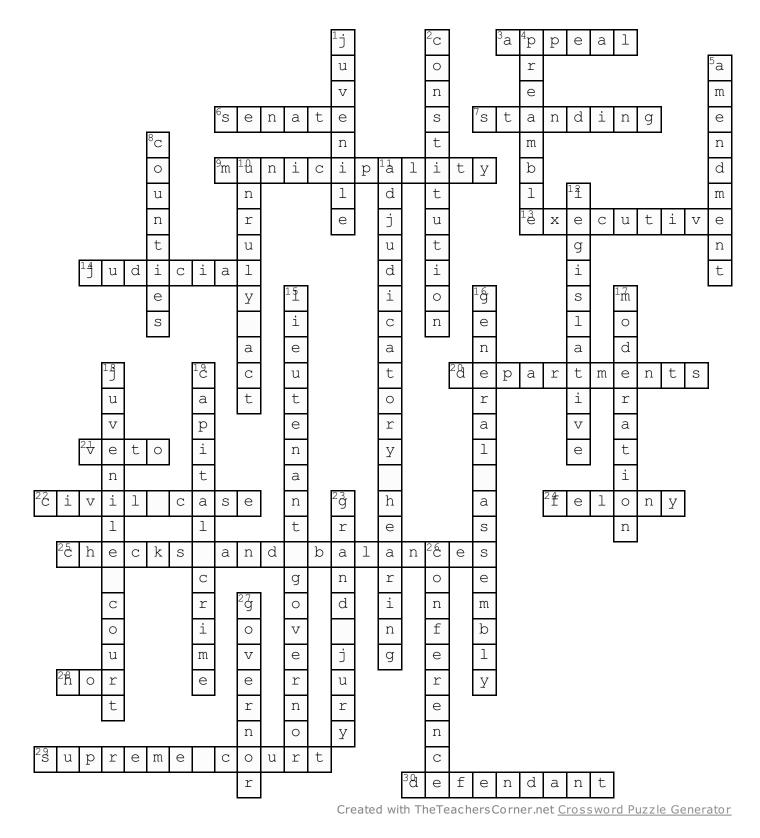
Georgia State Government



Name:

<u>Across</u>

3. A review (redo) of a trial that can only be performed at the two highest courts in Georgia. (**appeal**)

6. This group of legislators has 56 members, serves two year terms and must be 25 years old. Lead by the LG. (senate)

7. This type of committee is always present in legislation and is only present on one side or the other. (st anding)
9. A city with it's own government. There are over 500 in Georgia. Their governments are usually lead by a Mayor.

(municipality)

13. The branch of government which enforces laws. Made up of the Governor, LG and Departments. (executive)

14. This branch of government interprets laws and is lead by the Supreme Court. It also ensures justice by punishing criminals. (**judicial**)

20. These different groups are used in the executive branch to enforce the laws. EX: DOE, GDOT, DOA (depart ments)

21. The power of the governor to deny a bill. It can still be passed if the general Assembly overrides with a 2/3 vote. (**veto**)

22. A case where the government isn't involved. A judge settles a dispute between two or more citizens. (civil case)

24. A more serious crime which can be punished with over a year in jail. (**felony**)

25. Powers that each branch of government are given over one another to ensure no group becomes too powerful. (checks and balances)

28. This group of legislators is required to be 21 years old, serve two year terms and is made up of 180 members. (**hor**)

29. The highest court in Georgia which is made up of 9 members, serves 6 year terms and is elected by the people. (**supreme court**)

30. A person who has been accused of a crime in Georgia and now must defend themselves in a courtroom. (**defendant**)

<u>Down</u>

1. A person under the age of 18 who is tried in a different court that adults. A judge determines their guilt, not a jury. (**juvenile**)

2. This document has 11 articles in Georgia and sets up the rules for the government. It can be changed through amendments. (constitution)

4. The beginning of the Georgia Constitution.

(preamble)

5. Changes made to the Georgia Constitution. Are proposed by the General Assembly and voted on by the people. (**amendment**)

8. There are 159 of them in the state of Georgia. Their governments are usually lead by a board of commissioners. (counties)

10. An act committed by a juvenile that wouldn't be a crime for an adult. EX: skipping school, drinking, breaking curfew. (**unruly act**)

11. The trial for a juvenile. No jury is present. The judge determines guilt. (**adjudicatory hearing**)

12. Branch of government that makes laws. Made up of the House and Senate and called the General Assembly in GA. (**legislative**)

15. This person is chosen in a separate election than the governor and is the leader in the Senate. (**lieutenant governor**)

16. The name for Georgia's legislative branch.

Responsible for creating laws. (general assembly) 17. The three pillars of the Georgia State Seal are wisdom, justice and

(moderation)

18. The only court in Georgia in which the judges are not selected by the people. These judges are appointed by a Superior Court (**juvenile court**)

19. Felonies that are serious enough to be punishable by death. Murder, Kidnapping w/ bodily harm, Treason, and hijacking. (**capit al crime**)

23. A larger group of citizens used in the pretrial process for adults to decide whether to indict (press charges) or not. (grand jury)

26. This type of committee is made up of members from both sides of legislation and is used to make a bill the same on both sides (**conference**)

27. This executive leader must be 30 years old and can serve no more than 8 consecutive years. They serve 4 year terms. (**governor**)