Name:

## Three Branches of National Government

 Complete the crossword below

## Across

3. The leader of the Supreme Court. (chief justice)
4. The document created at the Constitutional Convention of 1787 based on the Great Compromise. (us constitution)
5. Taken in each state to decide which candidate gets the states' electoral votes. (popular vote)
6. The branch of government which creates laws. (legislative)
7. The highest court in America where 9 members are appointed by the President. (supreme court)
8. A document that is called a law after being passed. (bill)
9. The delegate from Georgia not named Baldwin at the Constitutional Convention. (william few)
10. Leader in the House of representatives.
(speaker of the house)
11. An issue with the legislative branch under the Articles of Confederation. Only one house.
(unicameral)
12. The branch of government which interprets laws. (judicial)
13. Composed of the Senate and the House of Representatives (congress)
14. Members are required to be 25 years old and serve two year terms. (hor)
15. Members must be 30 years old and serve 6 year terms. (senate)
16. Created a bi-cameral legislature and was a merger of the Virginia and New Jersey plans.
(great compromise)
17. This person must be 35 years old, a natural born citizen, and a resident in the US for 14 years.
(president)
18. The leader in the Senate. (vice president)
19. Groups of legislators which must first review and approve a bill before it is brought in front on a house for vote. (committees)
20. Changes or additions made to the US

Constitution. (amendments)

## Down

1. This system is used to make sure that no branch becomes to powerful by allowing them all powers over each other. (checks and balances)
2. The first form of government for the US. Failed due to being too weak. (aoc)
3. The ability of the Judicial branch to rule laws unconstitutional. (judicial review)
4. The branch of government which is known for enforcing the laws. (executive)
5. Presidents serve four year $\qquad$ .
(terms)
6. The plan for representation based on population. (virginia plan)
7. Georgia was the fourth state to do this with the US Constitution. (ratify)
8. The method in which we elect presidents in the United States. (electoral college)
9. A power of the president which allows them to deny bills. (veto)
10. This amount of the vote is needed to pass a bill through each house initially. (majority)
11. The plan for representation based on equality. (new jersey)
12. A group of 15 advisors who help the president make decisions. (cabinet)

Complete the following questions!

1. If a state has 14 members in the house, how many electoral votes would they get?
2. If 500 citizens $=1$ representative, how many representatives would a state get in the House of Representatives if they have 7500 citizens?
3. If a state has 12000 slaves, how many of them count toward population? 7200
4. If a state has 25 electoral votes, how many Senators does that state have? How many House members? 2 Senators, 23 HOR members
5. What is the magic number of electoral votes needed to become president?
